## Standing orders

#### **Table of Contents**

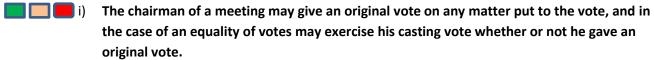
1.	Meetings generally	2
	Committees and sub-committees	
	Ordinary council meetings	
	Extraordinary meeting of the council and committees and sub-committees	
5.	Code of conduct and dispensations	5
6.	Code of conduct complaints	. 5
7.	Proper Officer	. 6
8.	Financial controls and procurement	. 6
9.	Execution and sealing of legal deeds	. 6
10.	Restrictions on councillor activities	7

## Standing orders

#### 1. Meetings generally



## Standing orders



See standing orders 3(h) and (i) below for the different rules that apply in the election of the Chairman of the Council at the annual meeting of the council

- j) Unless standing orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands. At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave his vote for or against that question. Such a request shall be made before moving on to the next item of business on the agenda.
- k) A councillor or a non-councillor with voting rights who has a disclosable pecuniary interest or another interest as set out in the council's code of conduct in a matter being considered at a meeting is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the code on his right to participate and vote on that matter.
  - No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the council are present and in no case shall the quorum of a meeting be less than three.
- If a meeting is or becomes inquorate no business shall be transacted and the meeting shall be closed. The business on the agenda for the meeting shall be adjourned to another meeting.
  - n) The Openness of Local Government Bodies Regulations 2014 ("the 2014 Regulations") provides that **a person may** not orally report or comment about a meeting as it takes place if he is present at the meeting of a parish council or its committees but otherwise may:
    - a) film, photograph or make an audio recording of a meeting;
    - b) use any other means for enabling persons not present to see or hear proceedings at a meeting as it takes place or later;
    - c) report or comment on the proceedings in writing during or after a meeting or orally report or comment after the meeting.

#### 2. Committees and sub-committees

- a) Unless the council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a sub-committee whose terms of reference and members shall be determined by the committee.
- b) The members of a committee may include non-councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the council.

## Standing orders

c) Unless the council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and a sub-committee of the advisory committee may be non-councillors.

#### 3. Ordinary council meetings

- a) In an election year, the annual meeting of the council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the new councillors elected take office.
- b) In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of a council shall be held on such day in May as the council may direct.
- c) If no other time is fixed, the annual meeting of the council shall take place at 6pm.
- d) In addition to the annual meeting of the council, at least three other ordinary meetings shall be held in each year on such dates and times as the council directs.
- e) The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the council shall be the election of the Chairman and Vice-Chairman (if any) of the Council.
- f) The Chairman of the Council, unless he has resigned or becomes disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until his successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the council.
- g) The Vice-Chairman of the Council, if any, unless he resigns or becomes disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chairman of the Council at the next annual meeting of the council.
- h) In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the council, he shall preside at the meeting until a successor Chairman of the Council has been elected. The current Chairman of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council but must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- i) In an election year, if the current Chairman of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the council, he shall preside at the meeting until a new Chairman of the Council has been elected. He may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chairman of the Council and must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- j) Following the election of the Chairman of the Council and Vice-Chairman (if any) of the Council at the annual meeting of the council, the business of the annual meeting shall

## Standing orders

#### include:

i. In an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office unless the council resolves for this to be done at a later time. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chairman of the Council of his acceptance of office form unless the council resolves for this to be done at a later time;

#### 4. Extraordinary meeting of the council and committees and subcommittees

- a) The Chairman of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the council at any time.
- b) If the Chairman of the Council does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting of the council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any two councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting must be signed by the two councillors.

#### 5. Code of conduct and dispensations

See also standing order 1(i) above.

- a) Dispensation requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Proper Officer as soon as possible before the meeting, or failing that, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
- b) A dispensation may be granted if having regard to all relevant circumstances the following applies:
  - i. without the dispensation the number of persons prohibited from participating in the particular business would be so great a proportion of the meeting transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business or
  - ii. granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the council's area or it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.

### 6. Code of conduct complaints

a) Upon notification by the District or Unitary Council that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the council's code of conduct, the council shall consider what, if

## Standing orders

any, action to take against him. Such action excludes disqualification or suspension from office.

#### 7. Proper Officer

- a) The Proper Officer shall be the clerk or other nominated by the council to undertake the work of the Proper Officer.
- b) The Proper Officer shall:
  - i. give public notice of the time, place and agenda at least three clear days before a meeting of the council or a meeting of a committee or a sub-committee (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the council convened by councillors is signed by them);

See standing order 1(b) above for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a full council and standing order 1(c) above for a meeting of a committee.

- ii. convene a meeting of full council for the election of a new Chairman of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in his office;
- iii. receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities. See also standing order 9 below.

#### 8. Financial controls and procurement

- a) Financial regulations shall confirm that a proposed contract for the supply of goods, materials, services and the execution of works with an estimated value in excess of £ 500 shall be procured on the basis of a formal tender.
- b) Where the value of a contract is likely to exceed £164,176 (or other threshold specified by the Office of Government Commerce from time to time) the council must consider whether the Public Contracts Regulations 2006 (SI No. 5, as amended) and the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2006 (SI No. 6, as amended) apply to the contract and, if either of those Regulations apply, the council must comply with EU procurement rules.

### 9. Execution and sealing of legal deeds

- a) A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the council unless authorised by a resolution.
- b) Subject to standing order 9(a) above, any two councillors may sign, on behalf of the council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer shall witness their signatures.

# Aislaby, Middleton and Wrelton Parish Council Standing orders

#### 10. Restrictions on councillor activities

- a) Unless authorised by a resolution, no councillor shall:
  - i. inspect any land and/or premises which the council has a right or duty to inspect; or
  - ii. issue orders, instructions or directions.

Ratified at the meeting of	23 May 2017	, and accepted a	at the meeting o	of <mark>20 June 2017</mark>	. To be
reviewed (subject to no m	najor changes	in legislation):	20 June 2018		

Chairman	